

Verdensmålene- synergi, afvejninger og handlemuligheder: hav og land

Katherine Richardson









Sustainability Challenge:

To bring and maintain the human demand for Earth resources to within their supply!

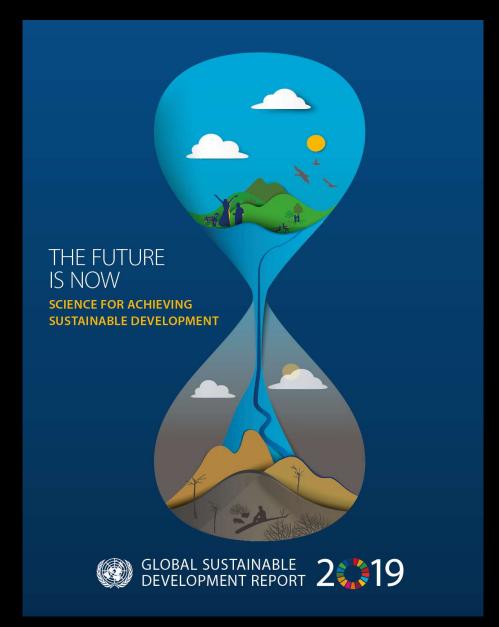
Sustainable development is a "need to have" not a "nice to have"



SDGs are a vision for how we want to share the Earth's resources!



Relevant for all global citizens – not just for those in developing countries





September 11,2019

https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/24797GSDR_report_2019.pdf

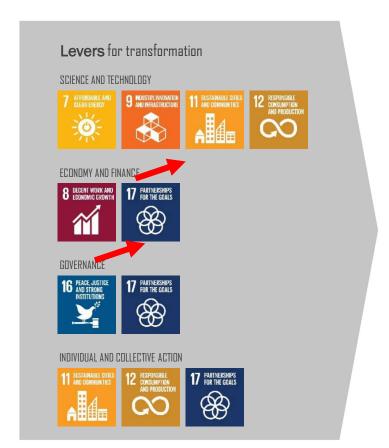


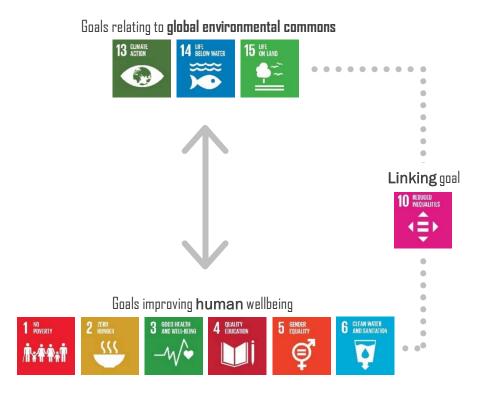
Business-as-usual approaches

GOAL	WITHIN 5%	5-10%	>10%	NEGATIVE LONG-TORM TREN
iviri Goal 1		1.1. Eradicating extreme poverty	1.3. Social protection for all	
Goal 2		2.1. Ending hunger (undernourishment)	2.2. Ending malnutrition (stunting) 2.5. Maintaining genetic diversity 2.a. Investment in agriculture*	2.2. Ending malnutrition (overweight)
-W→ Goal 3	3.2. Under 5 mortality 3.2. Neonatal mortality		3.1. Maternal mortality 3.4. Premature deaths from non-communicable dise ses	
Goal 4	4.1 Enrolment in primary education	4.6 Literacy among youth and adults	4.2. Early childhood develorment 4.1 Enrolment in secondary education 4.3 Enrolment in tertiary ducation	
© Goal 5			5.5. Women political participation	
Goal 6		6.2. Access to safe sanitation (open defecation practices)	6.1. Access to safely m drinking water 6.2. Access to safely m sanitation service	
Goal 7		7.1. Access to electricity	7.2. Share of renewal e energy* 7.3. Energy intensity	
Goal 8			8.7. Use of child labor	
🚳 Goal 9		9.5. Enhancing scientific research (R&D expenditure)	9.5. Enhancing scient ic research (number of resea hers)	
€ Goal 10)		10.c. Remittance costs	Inequality in income**
Goal 1	1		11.1. Urban population wing in slums*	
CO Goal 12	2			12.2. Absolute material footprint, and DMC*
◯ Goal 13	3			Global GHG emissions relative to Paris targets**
Goal 14	1			14.1. Continued deterioration of coastal waters* 14.4. Overfishing*
Goal 15	5			15.5. Biodiversity loss* 15.7. Wildlife poaching and trafficking
Soal 16	5		16.9 universal birth registration *	

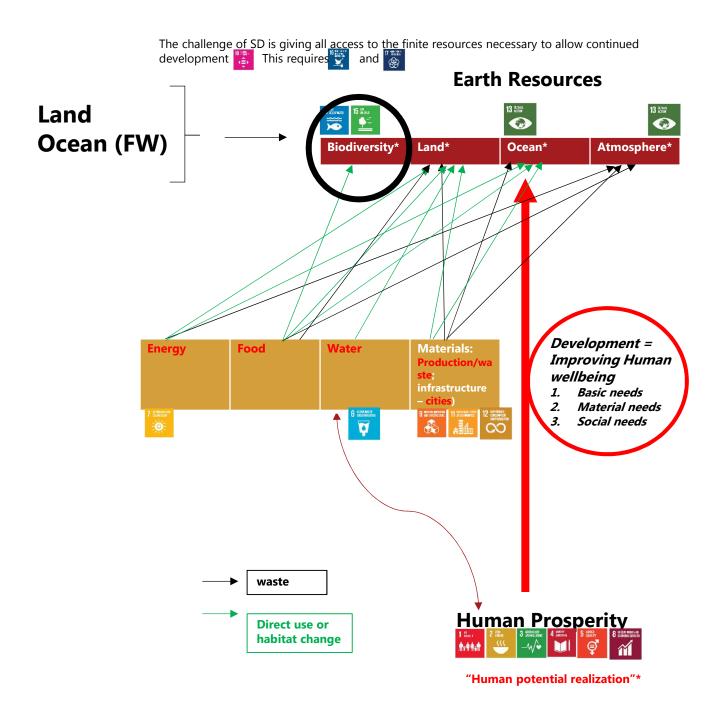


Interactions between the SDGs





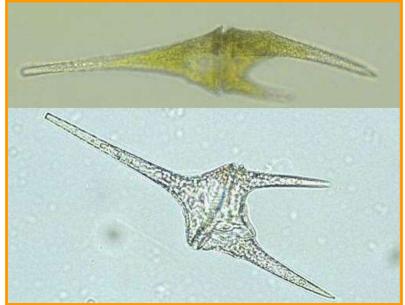
But we do not "think" in terms of SDGs!





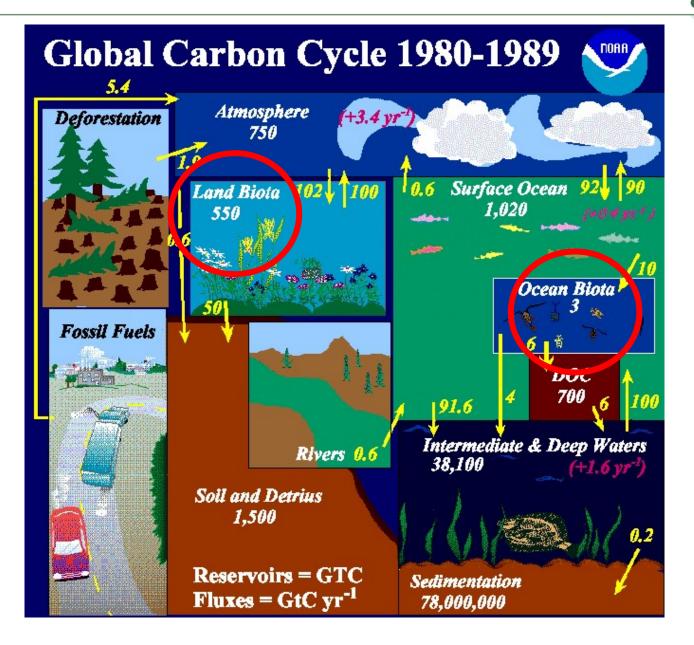
Differences between terrestrial and marine ecosystems:





What structures ecosystems?

Access to water vs. predation



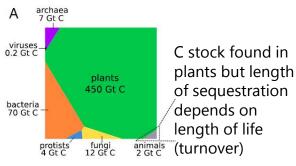
Structure of ecosystems controls ocean biosphere interactions in the Earth System, i.e. climate.



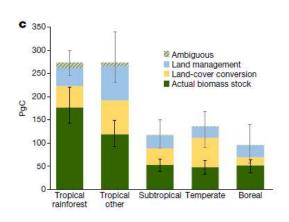
Biodiversity (biosphere) is an important manipulator of elements in the Earth System

(C, N, P, O, S, Si · · ·)

Land: Biota= ~500 Gt



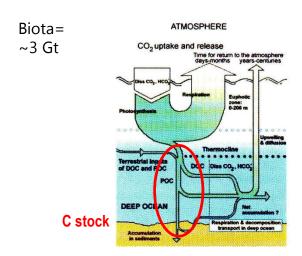
Bar-On et al. 2018



Erb et al., 2018

Humans have directly changed habitats but ALSO stocks and flows of elements

Ocean:



Here, it is shape of the food web that is important, i.e. size structure of the phytoplankton – we know this has changed through geological time as a function of climate Humans have directly changed (especially) coastal habitats but not stocks;

Indirect changes (CC) are changing stocks and flows.



Der er søstjerner på menuen hos svineproducent Knud Anker Munch. Foderet kommer fra en ny søstjernefabrik i Salling, som både landmæn



MIDT- OG VESTJYLLAND

Fiskere tripper for at fange søstjerner: Udnytter havbundens plage til dyrefoder

Søstjerner har i mange år været en plage. Nu står et nyt industrieventyr på spring.

Ny fabrik forvandler søstjerner til grisefoder

29-03-2019

GUDP

Støtte fra det grønne demonstrations- og udviklingsprogram GUDP har banet vejen for verdens første søstjernefabrik, som indvies af finansminister Kristian. Jensen fredag den 29. marts. Fabrikken forvandler en irriterende plage for fiskerne til et godt proteinfoder til økologiske svin.

Søstjerner er ikke sat i verden bare for at irritere fiskere!!



updates

Emergence of a global science—business initiative for ocean stewardship

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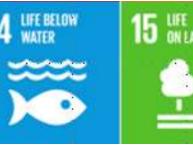
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All activities have both positive and negative interactions with SDGs!



From "sector" to "system" thinking!!











Sustainable development is all about finding the "sweet spot" where synergies are exploited while negative impacts are minimized!